



Ohio MCH Fact Sheet

School-aged Children, Adolescents and Young Adults Pregnancy Rate

MCH Block Grant Needs Assessment Information

Key Data Summary – Ohio

- In 2006, the overall pregnancy rate for Ohio was 94.5 per 1,000, compared to the white pregnancy rate of 86.1 per 1,000 and the black pregnancy rate of 134.8 per 1,000, as shown in the first graph.
- Women aged 25 to 29 years have the highest pregnancy rate. Women aged 15 to 17 years have the lowest pregnancy rate, as shown in the second graph.

Healthy People Objective 9-7

- Reduce the pregnancy rate among adolescent females to 43 per 1,000.

U.S./ Ohio Comparison

- In 2004, the overall pregnancy rate in the United States was 103.0 per 1,000 (data not shown), compared with 94.5 per 1,000 in Ohio.
- In the United States, women in their 20s have the highest pregnancy rates (data not shown); similar patterns are seen in Ohio.

Additional Information

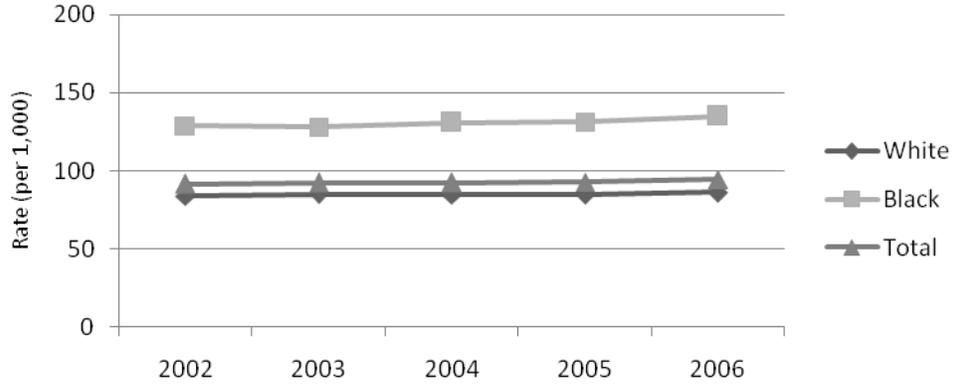
- Compared with women who delay childbearing until age 20 to 21 years, teenaged mothers (aged 19 and younger) are more likely to drop out of high school, and be and remain single parents.

Source: Maynard, RA. 1997. *The Urban Institute Press*.

- A teenager's risk for pregnancy has been associated with growing up in poverty, having parents with low levels of education, growing up in a single-parent family and having low attachment to and performance in school.

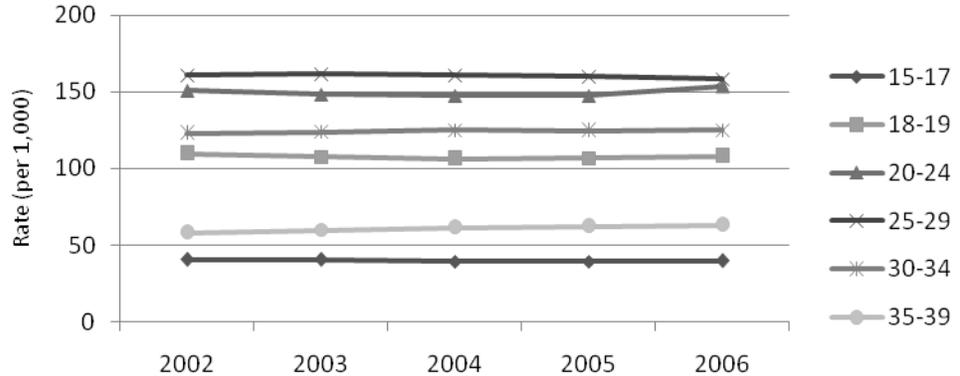
Source: Singh S, Darroch JE. 2001. *Family Planning Perspectives*.

Pregnancy Rate of Women Aged 10-40+, by Race, Ohio



Source: Ohio Department of Health, Vital Statistics

Pregnancy Rate of Women Aged 15-39, Ohio



*Pregnancy rate includes sum of births, induced abortions and other fetal losses.