



## Ohio Department of Health Seasonal Influenza Activity Summary

### MMWR Week 15

### April 10th– April 16th, 2016

#### Current Influenza Activity:

##### **Current Ohio Activity Level (Geographic Spread) - *Widespread***

*Definition: Increased ILI in at least half of the regions AND recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the state.*

During MMWR Week 15, public health surveillance data sources indicate minimal intensity for influenza-like illness (ILI) in outpatient settings reported by Ohio’s sentinel ILINet providers. Data from other outpatient ILI indicators (athenahealth®) remain elevated but are declining. The percentage of emergency department (ED) visits with patients exhibiting constitutional symptoms **decreased and is above** baseline levels statewide; the percentage of fever and ILI specified ED visits **decreased and is above** baseline levels. There were 212 influenza-associated hospitalizations reported.

#### Ohio Weekly Influenza-associated Hospitalizations by Ohio Public Health Region

Central	24
East Central	67
Northeast	52
Northwest	29
Southeast	7
Southwest	20
West Central	13
<b>Total</b>	<b>212</b>

#### **Ohio Influenza Activity Summary Dashboard:**

Data Source	Current week value	Percent Change from last week <sup>1</sup>	# of weeks <sup>2</sup>	Trend Chart <sup>3</sup>
Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Outpatient Data (ILINet Sentinel Provider Visits)	0.89%	-29.37%	↓ 5	
Thermometer Sales (National Retail Data Monitor)	1198	-5.97%	↓ 5	
Fever and ILI Specified ED Visits (EpiCenter)	1.94%	-1.02%	↓ 5	
Constitutional ED Visits (EpiCenter)	9.28%	-2.73%	↓ 5	
Confirmed Influenza-associated Hospitalizations (Ohio Disease Reporting System)	314	-1.57%	↓ 4	
Outpatient Medical Claims Data <sup>4</sup>	0.66%	-13.16%	↓ 5	

<sup>1</sup>Interpret percent changes with caution. Large variability may be exhibited in data sources with low weekly values.

<sup>2</sup>Number of weeks that the % change is increasing or decreasing.

<sup>3</sup>Black lines represent current week's data; red lines represent baseline averages.

<sup>4</sup>Medical Claims Data provided by athenahealth®

## State, Regional, and National Data:

### Ohio Surveillance Data:

- **ODH lab** has reported **530** influenza tests from specimens sent from various submitters. 2015-2016 influenza season results: **(290) A/pdmH1N1; (10) A/H3N2; (56) Influenza B;** (through 4/16/16).
- The **National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS)** has reported **31,129** influenza tests performed at participating facilities. 2015-2016 influenza season positive results: **(482) H1N1, (13) A/H3N2, (1750) Flu A Not Subtyped, and (543) Flu B** (through 4/16/16).
- **1 pediatric influenza-associated mortality** has been reported during the 2015-2016 season (through 4/16/16).
- No **novel influenza A virus infections** have been reported during the 2015-2016 season (through 4/16/16).
- Incidence of confirmed **influenza-associated hospitalizations** in 2015-2016 season = **3074** (through 4/16/16).

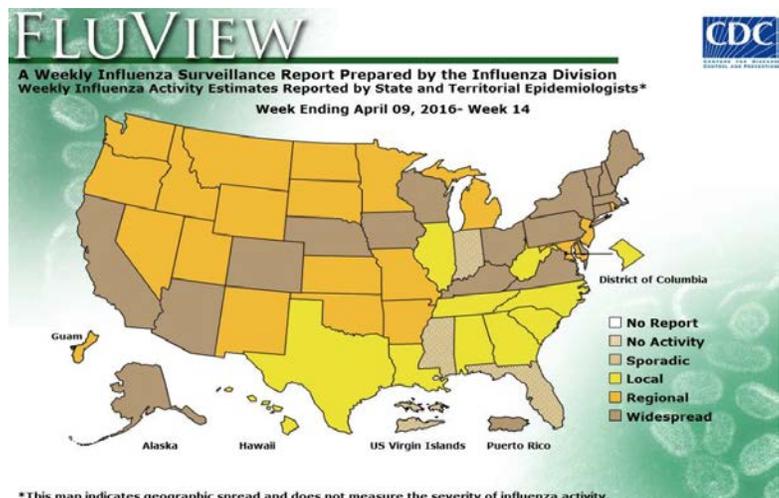
**HHS Regional Surveillance Data**\*: During week 14 (April 3 – April 9th, 2015), the proportion of outpatient visits for ILI in Region 5 (Ohio is in Region 5) was 1.7%, which is below the regional baseline of 1.9%. Indiana reported Sporadic Activity; West Virginia reported Local Activity; Michigan reported Regional Activity; Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Kentucky reported Widespread Activity.

**National Surveillance Data**\*: During week 14 (April 3 – April 9th, 2015), the majority of U.S. states reported Minimal to Low influenza activity. The proportion of outpatient visits for ILI was 2.1%, which is **at** the national baseline of 2.1%. Six of 10 HHS regions reported ILI levels at or above their region-specific baseline levels. The most frequently identified influenza virus type reported by public health laboratories was influenza A (H1N1)pdm09.

### **Influenza Virus Characterization:**

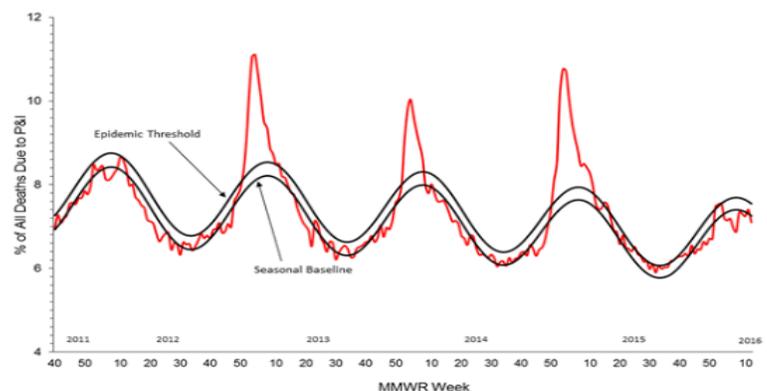
CDC has characterized 1,494 influenza viruses [606 A (H1N1)pdm09, 375 A (H3N2), and 513 influenza B viruses] collected by U.S. laboratories since October 1, 2015.

All of the influenza A and influenza B viruses that have been genetically characterized since October 1<sup>st</sup>, 2015 have been found to be genetically similar to the viruses included in the 2015-2016 influenza vaccine.



\*This map indicates geographic spread and does not measure the severity of influenza activity.

**Pneumonia and Influenza Mortality from the National Center for Health Statistics Mortality Surveillance System**  
Data through the week ending March 26, 2016, as of April 14, 2016

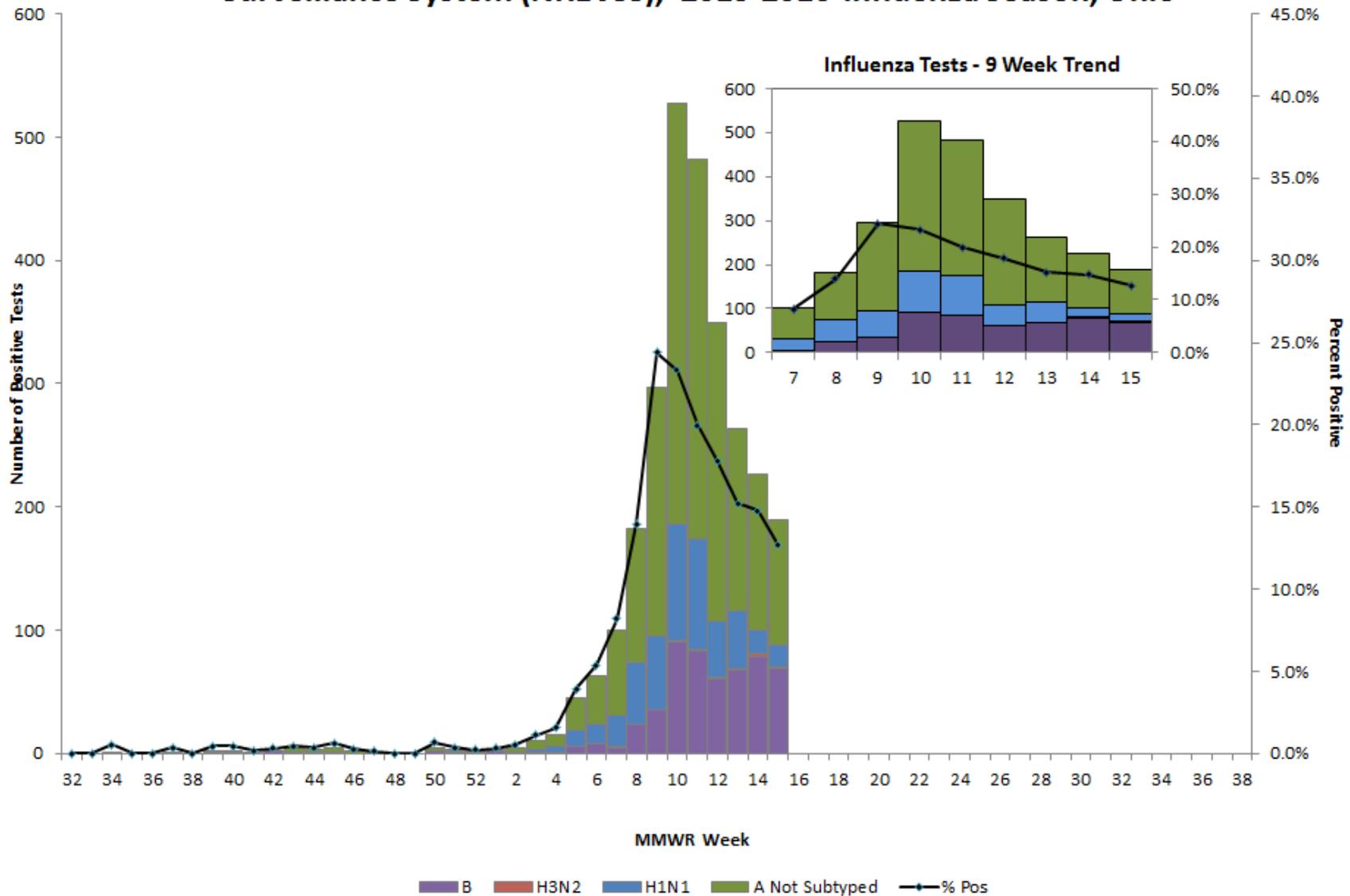


National activity levels and more information can be found at the following CDC pages:

- <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/usmap.htm>
- <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/>

\*National-level and regional-level data are reported one week later than Ohio state-level data

## Positive Influenza Tests (PCR), National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS), 2015-2016 Influenza Season, Ohio



**Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations, Ohio  
2015-2016 Season\***

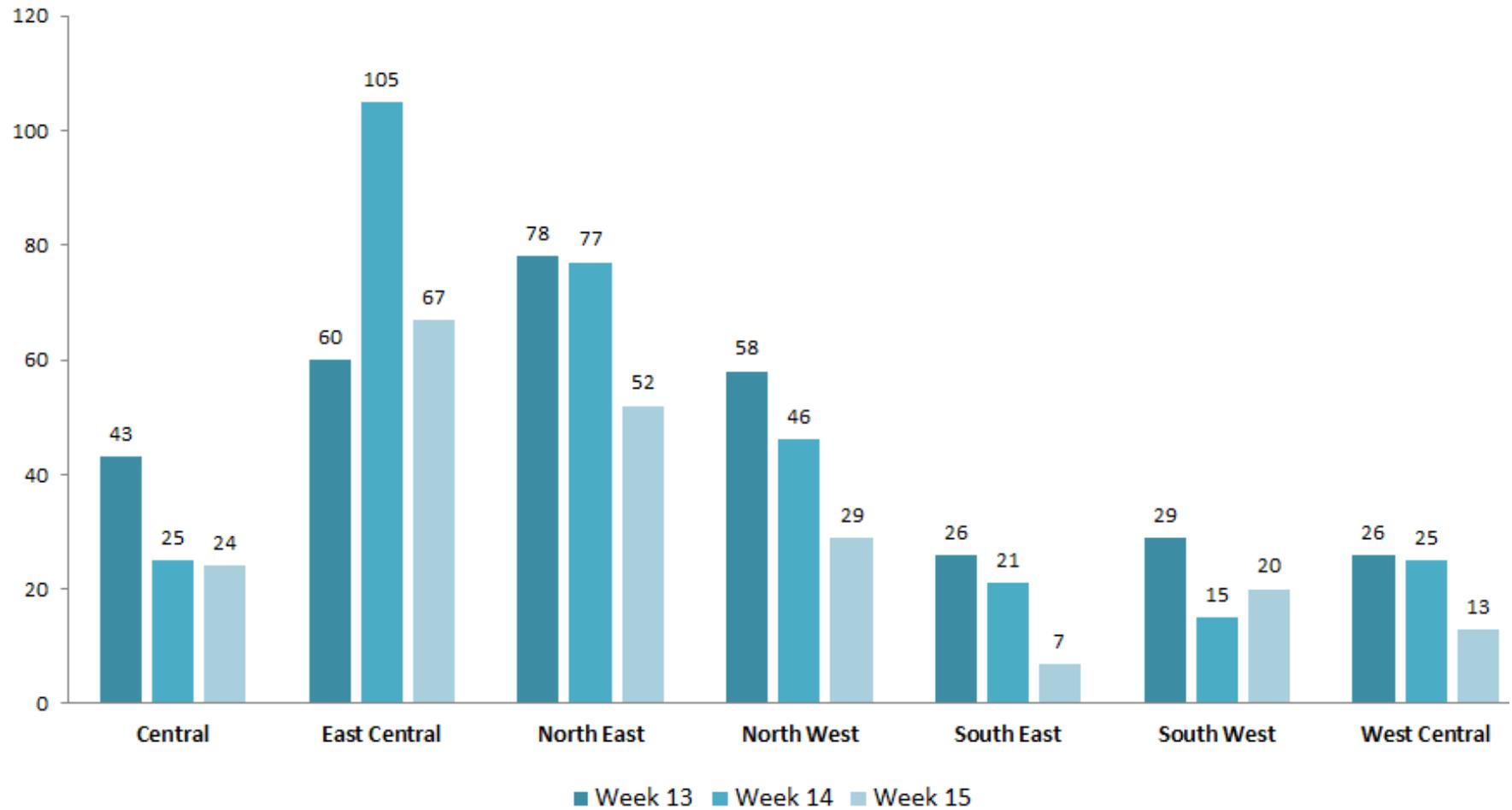
County	Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations	Percent of All Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations	Rate per 100,000 Population <sup>†</sup>	County	Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations	Percent of All Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations	Rate per 100,000 Population <sup>†</sup>
ADAMS	0	0.0%	0.00	LOGAN	2	0.1%	4.36
ALLEN	81	2.6%	76.18	LORAIN	40	1.3%	13.27
ASHLAND	14	0.5%	26.35	LUCAS	198	6.4%	44.82
ASHTABULA	22	0.7%	21.68	MADISON	3	0.1%	6.91
ATHENS	8	0.3%	12.35	MAHONING	157	5.1%	65.74
AUGLAIZE	16	0.5%	34.82	MARION	10	0.3%	15.04
BELMONT	3	0.1%	4.26	MEDINA	36	1.2%	20.89
BROWN	0	0.0%	0.00	MEIGS	4	0.1%	16.83
BUTLER	80	2.6%	21.73	MERCER	11	0.4%	26.95
CARROLL	7	0.2%	24.28	MIAMI	15	0.5%	14.63
CHAMPAIGN	8	0.3%	19.95	MONROE	3	0.1%	20.49
CLARK	56	1.8%	40.48	MONTGOMERY	196	6.4%	36.63
CLERMONT	47	1.5%	23.81	MORGAN	7	0.2%	46.50
CLINTON	1	0.0%	2.38	MORROW	7	0.2%	20.10
COLUMBIANA	20	0.7%	18.55	MUSKINGUM	30	1.0%	34.85
COSHOCTON	7	0.2%	18.97	NOBLE	2	0.1%	13.66
CRAWFORD	2	0.1%	4.57	OTTAWA	7	0.2%	16.90
CUYAHOGA	538	17.5%	42.03	PAULDING	5	0.2%	25.49
DARKE	14	0.5%	26.44	PERRY	0	0.0%	0.00
DEFIANCE	18	0.6%	46.11	PICKAWAY	17	0.6%	30.52
DELAWARE	14	0.5%	8.04	PIKE	6	0.2%	20.90
ERIE	7	0.2%	9.08	PORTAGE	32	1.0%	19.82
FAIRFIELD	17	0.6%	11.63	PREBLE	10	0.3%	23.66
FAYETTE	5	0.2%	17.22	PUTNAM	15	0.5%	43.48
FRANKLIN	236	7.7%	20.29	RICHLAND	33	1.1%	26.51
FULTON	16	0.5%	37.47	ROSS	18	0.6%	23.06
GALLIA	6	0.2%	19.40	SANDUSKY	14	0.5%	22.97
GEAUGA	22	0.7%	23.56	SCIOTO	4	0.1%	5.03
GREENE	28	0.9%	17.33	SENECA	7	0.2%	12.34
GUERNSEY	11	0.4%	27.44	SHELBY	3	0.1%	6.07
HAMILTON	153	5.0%	19.07	STARK	138	4.5%	36.74
HANCOCK	8	0.3%	10.70	SUMMIT	154	5.0%	28.42
HARDIN	6	0.2%	18.72	TRUMBULL	63	2.0%	29.96
HARRISON	2	0.1%	12.61	TUSCARAWAS	23	0.7%	24.84
HENRY	6	0.2%	21.27	UNION	7	0.2%	13.38
HIGHLAND	5	0.2%	11.47	VAN WERT	7	0.2%	24.35
HOCKING	8	0.3%	27.23	VINTON	3	0.1%	22.33
HOLMES	13	0.4%	30.68	WARREN	41	1.3%	19.28
HURON	16	0.5%	26.83	WASHINGTON	27	0.9%	43.70
JACKSON	6	0.2%	18.06	WAYNE	27	0.9%	23.58
JEFFERSON	35	1.1%	50.21	WILLIAMS	5	0.2%	13.28
KNOX	1	0.0%	1.64	WOOD	27	0.9%	21.52
LAKE	46	1.5%	20.00	WYANDOT	2	0.1%	8.84
LAWRENCE	21	0.7%	33.63	UNKNOWN	0	0.0%	*
LICKING	28	0.9%	16.82	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>3074</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>26.65</b>

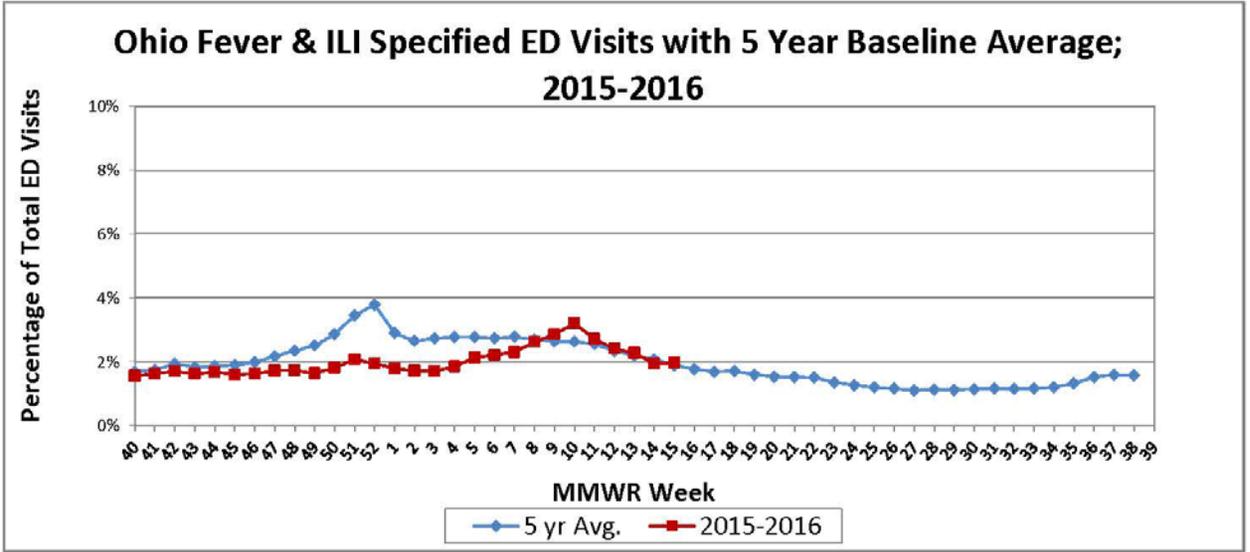
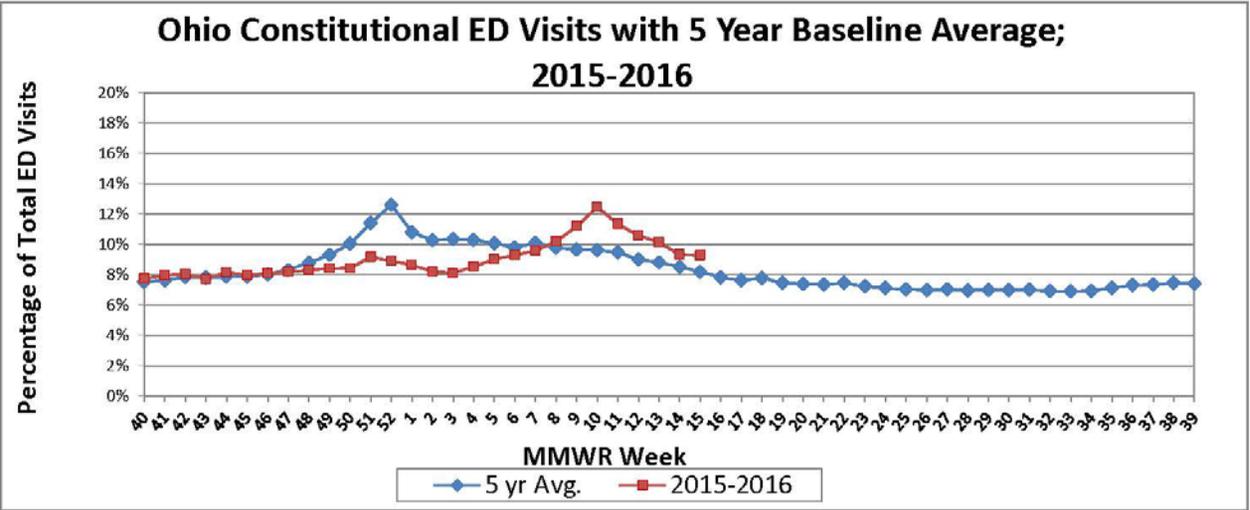
\*2015-2016 Season 10/4/2015 thru 4/16/2016

† Disease rates were calculated by number of cases per 100,000 residents using 2010 census data.

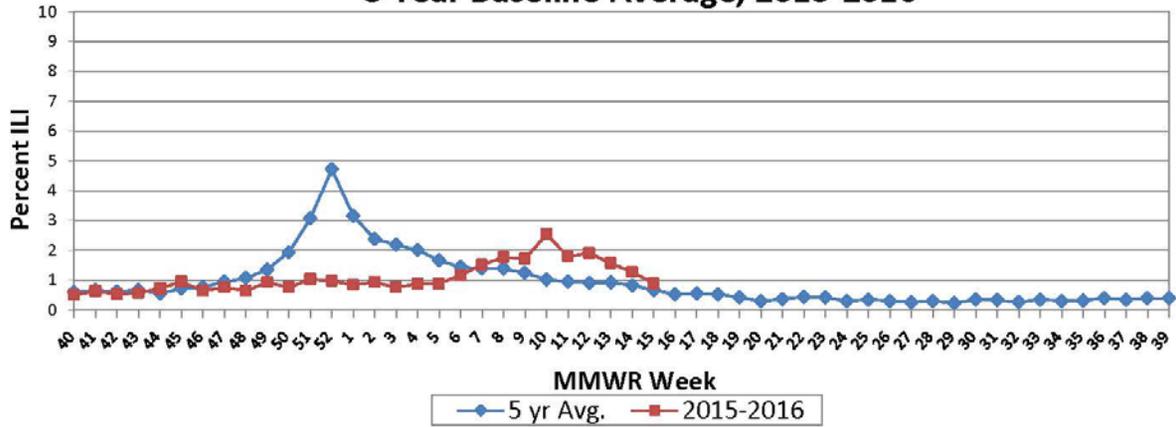
Source: Ohio Disease Reporting System

## Influenza-associated Hospitalizations by Public Health Region and MMWR Week, Ohio, 2015-2016 Influenza Season

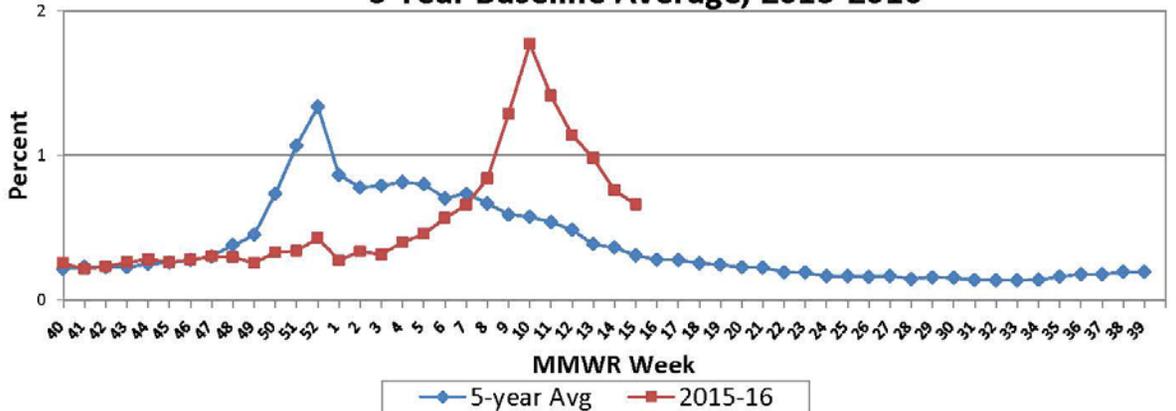


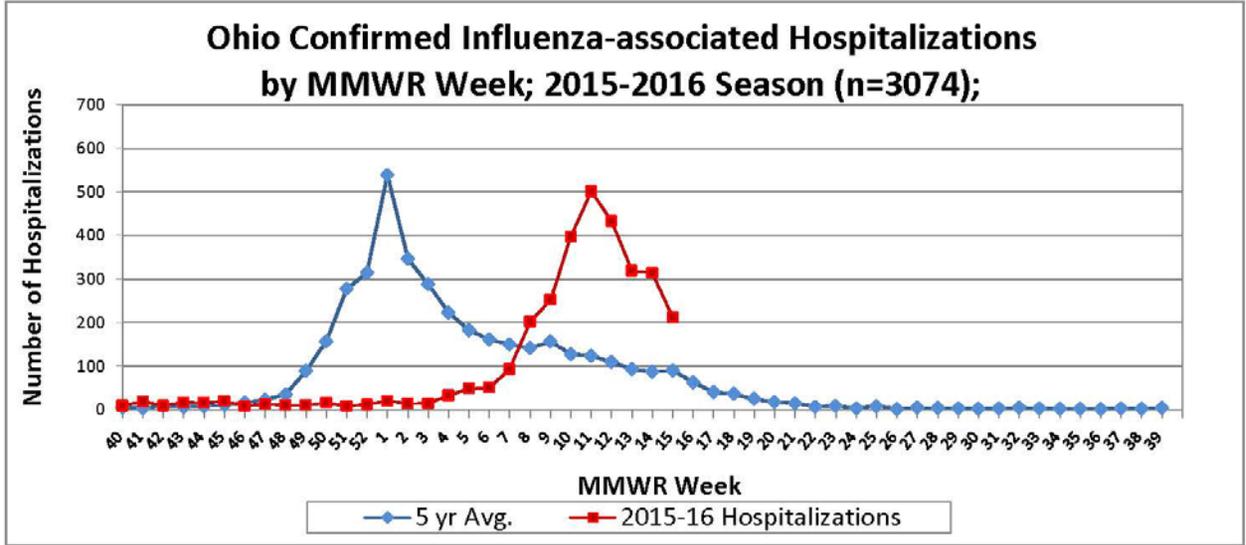
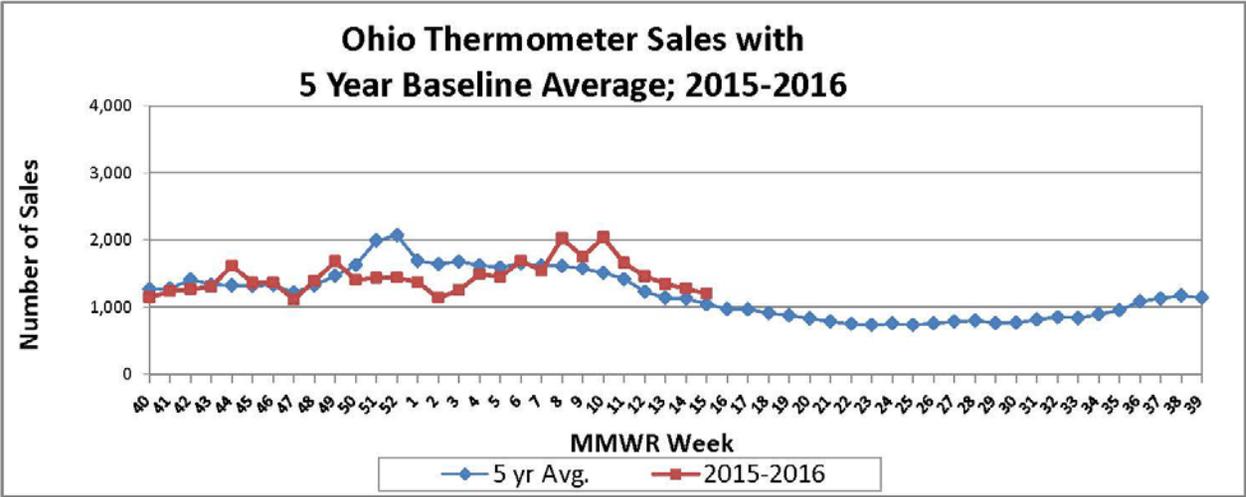


**Ohio Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Network (ILINet) with 3 Year Baseline Average; 2015-2016**



**AthenaHealth: Ohio Influenza Related Outpatient Medical Claims 5 Year Baseline Average; 2015-2016**





## Sources of Influenza Surveillance Data

- **National Retail Data Monitor (NRDM)-OTC Drug Purchases:** The NRDM collects over-the-counter (OTC) drug sales information from approximately 1,420 Ohio chain drug stores and grocery stores. For influenza surveillance, thermometer and adult cold relief sales are monitored on a weekly basis.
- **Emergency Department Visits (EpiCenter):** EpiCenter collects emergency department chief complaint data from 180 hospitals and urgent care facilities across Ohio in real time and classifies them into symptom and syndrome categories. Chief complaints from the constitutional syndrome category and the fever + ILI symptoms classifier are analyzed for influenza surveillance.
- **Sentinel Providers (ILINet):** Sentinel providers, through the US Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet), collect outpatient influenza-like illness (ILI) data. ILI is defined as a fever ( $\geq 100$  F), **and** cough and/or sore throat without another known cause. Providers report the total number of patients seen and the number of patients with ILI by age group on a weekly basis. Sentinel providers also submit specimens for influenza testing to the ODH laboratory throughout the influenza season. There are 81 sentinel providers enrolled in Ohio for the 2015-2016 season.
- **ODH Laboratory Surveillance:** The Ohio Department of Health Laboratory reports the number of specimens that test positive for influenza each week. Generally, specimens are submitted by sentinel provider participants. A subset of the positive specimens is sent to CDC for further testing during the season.
- **Influenza-associated Hospitalizations (ODRS):** Influenza-associated hospitalizations are reported to ODH from local health departments and hospitals by direct entry into the Ohio Disease Reporting System (ODRS). Hospitalizations can be used as an indicator of the severity of illness during a particular influenza season. This condition became reportable in 2009.
- **122 Cities Mortality Reporting System (Vital Statistics):** Ohio's eight largest cities participate in this reporting on a weekly basis. Vital statistics offices from across the country report the number of death certificates received, along with how many of those have pneumonia or influenza listed as an underlying or contributing cause of death.
- **Influenza-associated Pediatric Mortality (ODRS):** Influenza-associated pediatric mortalities are reported into ODRS by local health department and hospital staff. Pediatric deaths can be an indicator of the severity of illness during the influenza season. This condition became reportable in 2005.
- **National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS):** The National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) is a laboratory-based system that monitors temporal and geographic patterns associated with the detection of respiratory syncytial virus (RSV), human parainfluenza viruses (HPIV), respiratory and enteric adenoviruses and rotavirus. There are 19 facilities in Ohio that submit data to this system.
- **athenahealth®:** athenahealth is a technology and services company for medical billing and electronic health records. Diagnosis and procedure data from primary care visits are automatically queried to produce influenza related statistics.

If you have any further questions or comments about surveillance for seasonal influenza for the State of Ohio, please contact the Public Health Informatics and Vaccine Preventable Disease Epidemiology Unit at [SMED@odh.ohio.gov](mailto:SMED@odh.ohio.gov) or call (614) 995-5599.